Using Eco-Logical to Identify Priorities for Conservation and Mitigation

Wednesday, March 16, 2011 2:00 - 3:30 PM Eastern

Presenters

Sharon Osowski Morgan, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency – Region 6 Amy Boyers, Houston-Galveston Area Council Allison Weakley, North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Moderated by Mary Gray, FHWA Office of Project Development and Environmental Review



Regional Ecological Assessment Protocol (REAP): Ecological Information for Transportation Planning in the South Central United States



Using Eco-Logical to Identify Priorities for Conservation and Mitigation Sharon L. Osowski, Ph.D.

US Environmental Protection Agency Region 6

REAP Purpose

- Purpose: To identify ecologically important resources across the EPA Region 6 in order to support <u>greater collaborative approaches</u> to strategic, ecosystem management.
- 3 key ecological aspects: Diversity, Rarity, Sustainability. Combined into a Composite Layer



Arkansas Diversity

Habitats & landscape

What areas have the most diverse land cover?





Oklahoma Rarity

Species & Communities

What areas have the greatest number of rare species and vegetation?





Louisiana Sustainability

Stressors & Fragmentors

What areas can sustain ecosystems w/o human intervention?





New Mexico Composite

Stressors & Fragmentors

6

What areas can sustain ecosystems w/o human intervention?





Potential Uses

- Long Range Planning: community visioning, transportation planning
- Short term planning: complex projects, mitigation
- NEPA analysis & assessment
- SAFETEA-LU environmental requirements
- Integrate with other tools (e.g., NEPAssist)



Contact Info

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TEAP Report: http://www.epa.gov/region6/6en/xp/enxp2a4.htm







Creating a Regional Decision Support System for the Houston-Galveston Region

Amy Boyers, Houston-Galveston Area Council

Acknowledgements



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 Coastal Watershed Program.



What is H-GAC?



- 3
- Metropolitan Planning Organization for 8-county area
- Occupies 9,020 square miles, larger than state of New Jersey (8,722 square miles)
- Forecasted population of more than 9 million by 2035





Project Need



- 4
- Balancing growth and mobility needs
- Lack of ecosystem approach to longrange planning









Purpose of Eco-Logical



- Decision support system for regional planning
- Inventory of high value environmental resources
- Data clearinghouse for organizations and the public





Bridging

Ter A





THE 2035 HOUSTON-GALVESTON REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN

RTP Conservation Areas of Concern







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Eco-Logical Webinar

Project Process



- 8
- Committee
- Mapping
- Metrics

- GIS Integration
- Outreach
- Adoption









Eco-Logical Webinar

Partners









Houston-Galveston Area Council





Protecting nature. Preserving life."









Ecotypes



- Committee
- Mapping
- Metrics

- GIS Integration
- Outreach
- Adoption









Eco-Logical Webinar

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Metrics

- Adjacency
- Size
- Shape
- Isolation
- Threatened & Endangered Species

			Frankrat Putch	Houster Parter	Hacitze Prices		
Size	1					Shane	
\bigcirc	edge		ទា	EPPING STONES	CORRIDOR		
small	medium	large	Habitel Paton	di Habiat Patch	Habim Pace	more interior habitat	less interior habitat





Intended Uses



- 12
- Long-range transportation
- Identifying conservation priorities
- Scenario analysis
 - Public awareness





Project Limitations



- Scale
- Generalized ecotype classifications
- Metrics, data limitations
- Subjective quality rating
- Not appropriate for sitespecific evaluation







Risks and Challenges



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- Scale
- Generalized ecotype classifications
- Metrics, data limitations
- Subjective quality rating
- Not appropriate for sitespecific evaluation













Thank You



www.h-gac.com/go/eco-logical

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Eco-Logical Webinar

NorthCarolina Naturally

North Carolina's Strategic Conservation Planning:

Identifying Priorities for Conservation and Mitigation



Allison Weakley, Conservation Planner NC Natural Heritage Program, NCDENR March 16, 2011



NC Natural Heritage Program

The NCNHP inventories, catalogues, and supports conservation of the rarest and the most outstanding elements of the natural diversity of our state. These elements of natural diversity include those plants and animals which are so rare or the natural communities which are so significant that they merit special consideration as land-use decisions are made.



One NC Naturally Working together through conservation to map a healthy and prosperous future

www.onencnaturally.org



NC Conservation Planning Tool (CPT)



Identify, evaluate, and prioritize an interconnected network of essential ecosystem resources and functions essential for conservation statewide

Coordinate conservation efforts
 Inform planning and funding decisions

Guide conservation efforts



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Conservation Planning Tool

Climate Change

Commissions and Councils

Sustainable Communities

Sustainable Development For Kids

Focus Areas

Forever Natural Working Lands Working Waters



North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

One NC Naturally Conservation Planning Tool

Site Man

The CPT is composed of multiple assessment layers that can be used independently. This planning tool supports land use planning efforts throughout North Carolina.



Office of Conservation, Planning, and Community Affairs | 1601 Mail Service Center | Raleigh, NC 27699 Disc

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Conservation Planning To	ool Detailed			7
				-
	Features Progress Updates	One NC Naturally Conservation Planning Tool	10.7	
	Listserv signup	Detailed Report		
	Conservation Planning Tool Climate Change	Download individual report chapters below: (requires Adobe Acrobat software)		
	Commissions and Councils	Executive Summary Table of Contents		- Mi - 11
	Sustainable Communities	Chapter 1: Introduction Chapter 2: Need for Conservation Planning		
	Sustainable Development	Chapter 3: Planning Approach Chapter 4: Biodiversity Wildlife Habitat Assessment Chapter 5: Open Space and Conservation Lands Map		
	For Kids	Chapter 6: Water Services Assessment		
	Focus Areas	Chapter 7: Farmland Assessment Chapter 8: Forestry Lands Assessment Chapter 9: Marine / Estuarine Assessment		8
	Forever Natural	Chapter 10: Threats Assessment		
	Working Lands	Chapter 11: Restoration Opportunities Chapter 12: Coordinating Land Use and Conservation		
	Working Waters	Chapter 13: Implementation		
	NCDENR	Appendices		
	North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources	A: Six Assessments Overview B-1: Data Sources Biodiversity/Wildlife Habitat B-2: Data Sources Open Space/Conservation B-3: Data Sources Water Services B-4: Data Sources Farmland		

B-5: Data Sources Forestry Lands B-6: Data Sources Marine/Estuarine

F: References G: Metadata (pending)

C-2: Relative Ranking Water Services C-3: Relative Ranking Farmland Preservation D: Landscape Habitat Indicator Guilds

C-1: Relative Ranking Biodiversity/Wildlife Habitat

E: Technical Documentation Biodiversity/Wildlife Habitat

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💫 Conservation Planning Tool Detailed Report - Mozilla Firefox



Biodiversity/Wildlife Habitat Assessment

- Prioritizes aquatic and terrestrial species and habitats
- Considers landscape function and connectivity – core areas and connectors
- Includes lands important for ecosystem processes



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Open Space and Conservation Lands Map

- Shows lands that are in permanent conservation and actively managed for conservation.
- Includes both existing lands and planned lands – e.g., conservation easements, parks, trails, other recreation areas.



Forestry Lands Assessment

 Prioritizes high value forestry lands that are important for sustaining the forest products sector of our economy and providing ecosystem services.



 Considers threats to forestry lands by assessing risk from pests, disease, wildfire, and development.

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Farmland Assessment

- Prioritizes viable and threatened agriculture lands.
- Considers agriculture infrastructure, existing farm operations, and productivity and community compatibility.



Water Services Assessment

 Prioritizes lands that are most critical to protect water resources for North Carolina's residents.

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 Considers water quality, water quantity, and water consumption.





Marine and Estuarine Assessment

- Considers Coastal Habitat Protection Plan (CHPP) priority areas.
- Includes 6 fish habitats (oyster beds, submerged aquatic vegetation, hard and soft bottom, shell bottom, and riparian wetlands), spawning and nursery areas, water quality.





NC Conservation Planning Tool



Guiding Principles for Data Used in Assessments



Resource rarity & distinctiveness
 Resource function
 Data precision, accuracy, & completeness

Biodiversity/Wildlife Habitat



Raster-based GIS analysis

- Maximum score (10 point scale)
- Relative ranking

Carolina

Existing data & professional judgment

LEGENDS FOR CPT ASSESSMENT LAYERS

Biodiversity/Wildlife Habitat Assessment Legend Relative Conservation Value Maximum (10) Federal State Other Conservation Easements

> Moderate (1) Impervious Surface

	t	Identify Tool results for he Biodiversity/Wildlife Habitat Assessment			
Category Name	Category Value Individual Input Layers				
NHP	10	Significant Natural Heritage Areas – National or State Significance (N.C. Natural Heritage Program)			
NHP	8	Significant Natural Heritage Areas -Regional Significance			
NHP	6	Significant Natural Heritage Areas - Local Significance			
NHP	5	Element Occurrences - High ranking			
NHP	4	Element Occurrences - High ranking - Other			
Wetlands	7	Coastal Region Evaluation of Wetland Systems /CREWS – Exceptional ranking (N.C. Division of Coastal Management			
Wetlands	6	Coastal Region Evaluation of Wetland Systems /CREWS – Substantial ranking (N.C. Division of Coastal Management			
Wetlands	5	National Wetlands Inventory (U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service)			
Wetlands	2	Coastal Region Evaluation of Wetland Systems /CREWS – Beneficial ranking (N.C. Division of Coastal Management)			
Guilds	1-10	Landscape Habitat Indicator Guilds (N.C. Natural Heritage Program)			
DWQ	10	Outstanding Resource Waters (N.C. Division of Water Quality)			
DWQ	9	BioClass Excellent			
DWQ	8	High Quality Waters			
DWQ	7	BioClass Good			
DWQ	1	All other streams			
FishHabitat	9	Native Brook Trout (N.C. Wildlife Resources Commission)			
FishHabitat	8	Anadromous Fish Spawning Areas (N.C. Division of Marine Fisheries)			
FishNursery	8	Fish Nursery Areas (N.C. Division of Marine Fisheries)			
Watersheds	7	Stream buffer tributaries to Threatened & Endangered Species (N.C. Wildlife Resources Commission)			
Watersheds	3	Priority Watersheds (N.C. Natural Heritage Program, Wildlife Resources Commission, The Nature Conservancy)			
Marine	8	Oyster Sanctuaries (N.C. Division of Marine Fisheries)			
Marine	6	Submerged Aquatic Vegetation			
Marine	10	Significant Habitat Area (N.C. Division of Marine Fisheries)			
Marine	9	Significant Habitat Area (N.C. Division of Marine Fisheries)			
Hardbottom	8	Open Shellfish /Shellbottom/MSA (N.C. Division of Marine Fisheries)			
Hardbottom	7	Hard Bottom			
Hardbottom	5	Closed Shellfish /Shellbottom/MSA			
IBA	6	Important Bird Area (Audubon)			
Impervious	99	Impervious Surface above 20% (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)			

Individual Landscape Habitat **Indicator Guilds** (LHIGs) were mapped and ranked based on empirical data and spatially show core wildlife habitat areas and connectivity











Landscape Habitat Indicator Guilds mapped in North Carolina

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The CPT and Infrastructure Projects



- Map layers identify and prioritize important resources statewide.
- Multiple layers can be used together or independently.
- Maps and assessments support land use, conservation, mitigation and transportation planning and decisionmaking at various scales.









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Some examples of the application and use of the CPT

Local land use and conservation plans (Towns of Benson, Boone, and Wilkesboro; City of Morganton; Anson, Chatham, and Pender counties, Centralina and Land of Sky Councils of Government)

Transportation plans (NCDOT - underway)

Identification of preservation and restoration sites for mitigation (NC Ecosystem Enhancement Program)

Grant applications (NC Department of Parks and Recreation, Natural Heritage and Clean Water Management Trust Funds)

Greenway and park planning (Jackson County)

Land acquisition (The Nature Conservancy, local land trusts)



Continuing implementation, updates and outreach

- Update data and mapping every 6 months
- Continue to improve mapping tool
- Outreach to planning, resource and regulatory agencies, local governments, land trusts, and others



Contact Information

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Integration of Conservation, Highway Planning and Environmental Permitting Through Development of an Outcome-based Ecosystem Scale Approach and Corresponding Credit System

Integration of Conservation, Highway Planning, and Environmental Permitting Using an Outcome-based Ecosystem Approach

SHRP 2 CO 6 A&B

SHRP 2 CO6 A

Opportunities to support multiple community goals and improve quality of life

SHRP 2 CO6 B

The 2011 International Conference on Ecology & Transportation

Questions and Answers

- Collecting and updating data
- Prioritizing resources with partner agencies
- Implementation
- Examples of mitigation and transportation projects

Eco-Logical website:

http://www.environment.fhwa.dot.gov/ecological/eco_entry.asp